

## 2.11. SWAP gate (virtual photon mediated)

Dienstag, 08. November 2011

14:57

$$H = \hbar J (\sigma_1^+ \otimes \sigma_2^- + \sigma_1^- \otimes \sigma_2^+)$$

$$\sigma_1^+ \otimes \sigma_2^- = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sigma_1^- \otimes \sigma_2^+ = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$H = \hbar J \left[ \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right]$$

$$= \hbar J \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \xrightarrow{\tilde{\sigma}_x} \sigma_x$$

$$\text{Basis: } |gg\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad |ge\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|eg\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad |ee\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

time evolution:

$$U = e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} H t} = e^{-i J t \cdot \tilde{\sigma}_x} \otimes e^{-i \theta_2 t}$$

$$= (1 \cdot \cos Jt - i \tilde{\sigma}_x \sin Jt) \otimes \mathbb{1}_2$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos Jt & -i \sin Jt & 0 \\ 0 & -i \sin Jt & \cos Jt & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= |gg\rangle\langle gg| + |ee\rangle\langle ee| + \cos Jt [ |eg\rangle\langle eg| + |ge\rangle\langle ge| ] - i \sin Jt [ |eg\rangle\langle ge| + |ge\rangle\langle eg| ]$$

effect on state  $|eg\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ :

$$U|eg\rangle = \cos Jt \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - i \sin Jt \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \cos Jt |eg\rangle - i \sin Jt |ge\rangle$$

\*) SWAP  $|eg\rangle \leftrightarrow |ge\rangle$  for  $t = \frac{\pi}{2J}$ :  $|eg\rangle \rightarrow -i|ge\rangle$  (iSWAP)

\*) entanglement generation at  $t = \frac{\pi}{4J}$ :  $|eg\rangle \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|eg\rangle - i|ge\rangle)$  (iSWAP)

↓  
maximally entangled state

\*) phase shift for  $t = \frac{\pi}{J}$ :  $|eg\rangle \rightarrow -|eg\rangle$

CPhase gate from  $|fg\rangle \leftrightarrow |ee\rangle$  coupling

$|fg\rangle \dots$  state not in computational subspace

$$\text{coupling: } \tilde{H} = \frac{\hbar}{2} J_2 (|fXe\rangle \otimes |gXe\rangle + |eXf\rangle \otimes |eXg\rangle)$$

$$\hat{=} J_2 \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{in basis } |fg\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, |ee\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\tilde{U} = e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar} \tilde{H} t} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos J_2 t & -i \sin J_2 t \\ -i \sin J_2 t & \cos J_2 t \end{pmatrix}$$

$$U_{\text{phase}} = \tilde{U}(t = \frac{\pi}{J_2}) = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow U_{\text{phase}} |ee\rangle = -|ee\rangle$$

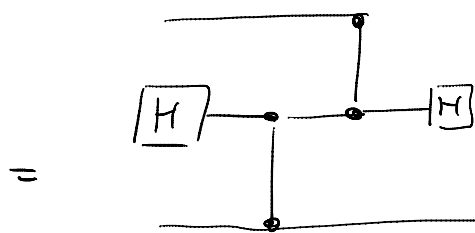
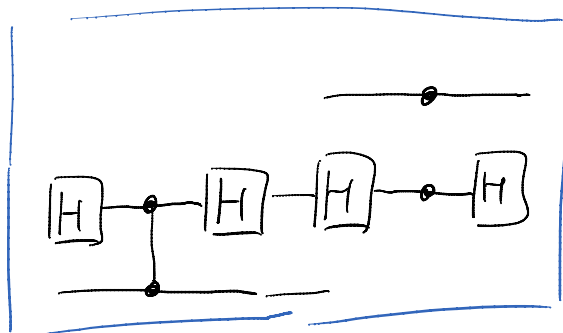
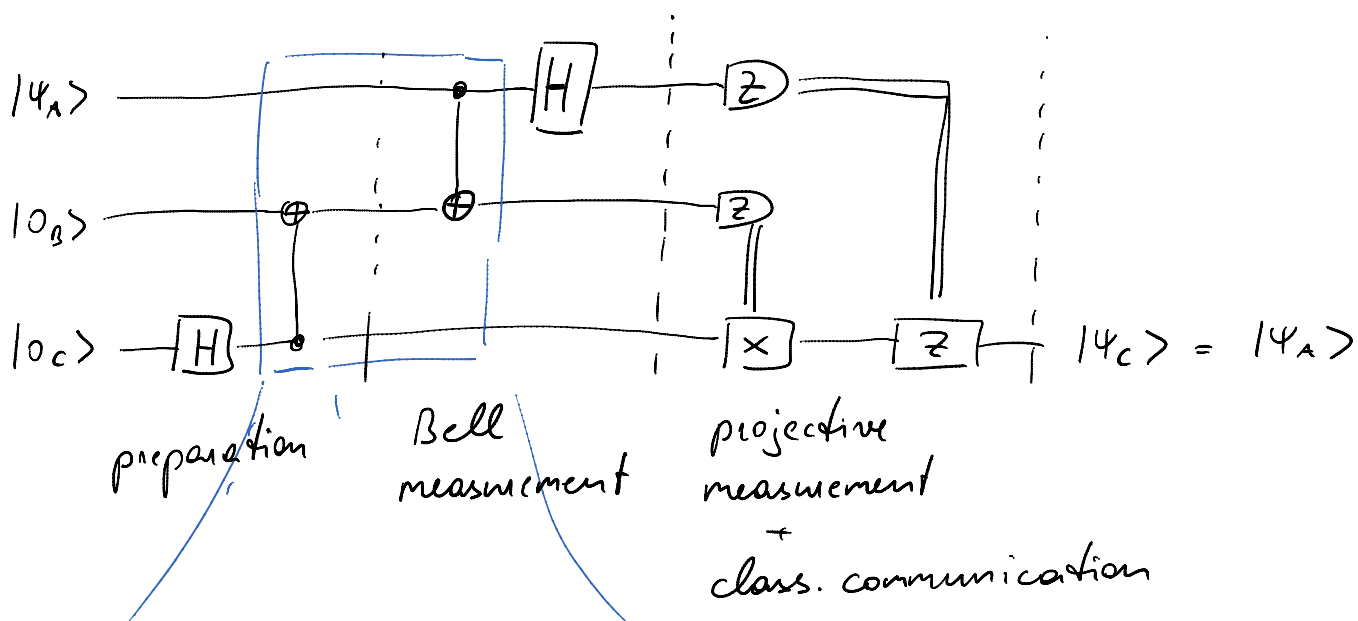
in standard 2-qubit basis:  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = U_{\text{CPhase}}$

⇒ only state  $|ee\rangle$  obtains phase of  $\pi$  !

## 2.12. Entanglement protocol

Freitag, 30. März 2012

11:54



since  $[H] - [H] = \mathbb{1}$  (identity)